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of two or three days. If this symptom becomes too pronounced, a little coffee or caramel may be added to the morning's milk, or a little stewed fruit may be taken once a day. Diarrhœa is due to the use of a too rich milk.

(*To be continued.*)

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## THE DAY OF THE DOG

BY FELIX J. KOCH

It was on the shore at Gibraltar that we met him, one splendid June morning. Hot, sweltering,—even the Moors from Tangiers were complaining.

He was an English dog, property probably of some officer's wife at the citadel on the hill. He had wandered away from Tommy Atkins, however, to mingle with the common herd on His Majesty's highway.

But, doggy had a headache and so they had fixed him up. Splendid piece of nursing, is n't it? Notice the care with which the bandage is bound about the head.

One sees these dog bandages often in the hot countries, sometimes as a preventive rather than cure, to keep the torrid sunbeams from the dog's head.



NOTES ON IMMUNITY TO DISEASE.—*The New York Medical Journal*, quoting from *The Scottish Medical and Surgical Journal*, says: Harvey and McKendrick review our vaccinothrapy. The applications are numerous. Some have been more successful than others. A tubercle vaccine—Koch's tuberculin—has been used for the cure of lupus, tuberculous glands, tuberculous sinuses, and genito-urinary tuberculosis. It has been also used in early cases of phthisis. A staphylococcus vaccine has been used for boils, acne vulgaris, sycosis, malignant endocarditis, certain cases of pyæmia, and other such affections due to this organism. A bacillus coli vaccine is useful in some cases of appendicitis, cystitis, and cholecystitis. It is quite possible that an efficient gonorrhœal vaccine may be found which will be useful in chronic cases. We may hope for a dysentery vaccine, Malta fever vaccine, and pneumococcus vaccine.



AT GIBRALTAR